## Understanding Trend Inflation through the Lens of the Goods and Services Sectors\*

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## Abstract

We distinguish between the goods and services sectors in an otherwise standard unobserved components model of US inflation. Our main finding is that, while both sectors used to contribute to the overall variation in aggregate trend inflation, since the 1990s, this variation has been driven almost entirely by the services sector. Two changes in sector-specific inflation dynamics are responsible for this finding: (i) a large decrease in the variance of trend goods inflation; and (ii) the disappearance of the comovement between trend goods and trend services inflation. As extensions to our baseline analysis, we exclude energy prices and decompose the trend inflation estimates into common and relative price components. Here, the results suggest a possible role of monetary policy in explaining our empirical findings. Furthermore, we document similar changes in inflation dynamics internationally when extending our analysis to Australia and Canada.

JEL classification: C11; C32; E31

**Keywords:** trend inflation; unobserved components model; disaggregated inflation; models

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